

direct access storage
tion of a multimedia pro
red series of source pro
program segments being
on of the multimedia p
ce comprising:
t least one data storage
ring regions disposed on
an upper disk surface;
spindle motor for rotat
e disk;
an actuator having elong
transducer disposed on
controller for coordin
ram segments to the plu
d for coordinating read
om the data storing reg
all program segments.

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2 the at least one data storage disk includes an
3 upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
4 surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
5 lower disk surface; and

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1 10. A system as claimed in Claim 9, wherein the
2 controller coordinates writing of at least one source
3 program segment from a first transducer to the first spiral
4 data track during a single progression of the actuator
5 between the inner and outer spiral diameter locations, and
6 coordinates reading of at least one previously written
7 source program segment from the first spiral data track by

8 the first transducer during the single progression of the
 9 actuator between the inner and outer spiral diameter
 10 locations.

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1 11. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the
 2 source program segments written to and read from the data
 3 storing regions are compressed program segments.

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1 12. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein a
 2 predetermined number of the source program segments are
 3 written to the plurality of data storing regions and define
 4 a presentation control window buffer, the source program
 5 segments being formatted in the presentation control window
 6 buffer in accordance with the equations:

7

$$8 \quad SC = D \times M \times L \times S_0; \text{ and}$$

9

$$PTD = D \times M \times L \times T_0;$$

10

11 where:

12 SC is defined as a nominal storage capacity used
 13 for supporting the presentation control window buffer in
 14 megabytes;

15 D is defined as a number of data storage disk
 16 surfaces used for supporting the presentation control
 17 window buffer;

18 M is defined as a number of segment blocks per
 19 data storage disk surface used for supporting the
 20 presentation control window buffer;

21 L is defined as a length of each segment block as
 22 measured by the number of source program segments;

23 S₀ is defined as an average size of each of the
 24 source program segments in megabytes;

25 PTD is defined as a duration of the presentation
 26 control window buffer in seconds; and

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20 for controlling the transfer of the source program segments
21 as sequentially ordered local program segments from the
22 data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.
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1 15. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
2 the at least one data storage disk includes an
3 upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
4 surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
5 lower disk surface; and
6 the controller means includes means for
7 controlling the transfer of the source program segments
8 from the upper and lower transducers respectively to the
9 upper and lower data storing regions, and for controlling
10 the transfer of the source program segments as the
11 sequentially ordered local program segments respectively
12 from the upper and lower data storing regions to the upper
13 and lower transducers.
14

1 16. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
2 the at least one data storage disk includes an
3 upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
4 surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
5 lower disk surface; and
6 the controller means includes means for
7 controlling the transfer of a predetermined number of the
8 source program segments from the upper and lower
9 transducers respectively to the upper and lower data
10 storing regions, and for controlling the transfer of the
11 predetermined number of the source program segments as the
12 sequentially ordered local program segments respectively
13 from the upper and lower data storing regions to the upper
14 and lower transducers.
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1 17. A system as claimed in Claim 16, wherein each of
2 the predetermined number of source program segments is
3 overwritten by a subsequently transferred source program
4 segment on a first-written-first-read basis.
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1 18. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the
2 controller means includes means, responsive to either one
3 of a forward and a reverse presentation control signal, for
4 respectively controlling forward sequential and reversed
5 sequential transferring of the source program segments
6 respectively from the upper and lower data storing regions
7 to the upper and lower transducers.
8

1 19. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the
2 source program segments are arranged in a plurality of
3 packets, and the controller means includes means for
4 controlling the transfer of the source program segments
5 arranged in consecutive packets of the plurality of packets
6 alternately from the upper and lower transducers to the
7 upper and lower data storing regions, respectively.
8

1 20. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the at
2 least one data storage disk comprises:
3 a first spiral data track disposed on either one
4 of the lower and upper disk surfaces; and
5 a second spiral data track disposed on the other
6 one of the lower and upper disk surfaces.
7

1 21. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the at
2 least one data storage disk comprises:
3 a data band;
4 an inner spiral diameter location and an outer
5 spiral diameter location defined within the data band;

6 a lower spiral data track disposed on the lower
7 disk surface;

8 an upper spiral data track disposed on the upper
9 disk surface; and

10 the controller means includes means for
11 controlling the progressive movement of the upper
12 transducer substantially along the upper spiral data track
13 until either one of the inner and outer spiral diameter
14 locations is reached, and for controlling the progressive
15 movement of the lower transducer substantially along the
16 lower spiral data track until the other one of the inner
17 and outer spiral diameter locations is reached.

18
1 22. A system as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the
2 controller means includes means for controlling the
3 transfer of at least one source program segment from either
4 one of the lower and upper transducers respectively to
5 either one of the lower and upper spiral data tracks during
6 a single progression between the inner and outer spiral
7 diameter locations, and for controlling the transfer of at
8 least one previously transferred source program segment
9 from either one of the lower and upper spiral data tracks
10 respectively to either one of the lower and upper
11 transducers during the single progression between the inner
12 and outer spiral diameter locations.

13
1 23. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
2 the custom ordered series of source program
3 segments includes non-sequentially and sequentially ordered
4 program segments; and
5 the controller means for controlling the transfer
6 of the non-sequentially ordered source program segments
7 from the upper and lower transducers to the plurality of
8 data storing regions, and for controlling the transfer of

9 the non-sequentially ordered source program segments as
10 sequentially ordered local program segments from the data
11 storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.
12

1 24. A method for transferring source program segments
2 representative of a multimedia program to and from a direct
3 access storage device, wherein each of the source program
4 segments represents a unique portion of the multimedia
5 program, the method comprising:

6 providing a direct access storage device having a
7 plurality of data storing regions defined on a surface of
8 at least one data storage disk disposed in the direct
9 access storage device;

10 writing the source program segments to at least
11 two of the plurality of data storing regions; and

12 reading the source program segments from the at
13 least two of the plurality of data storing regions as
14 sequentially ordered local program segments.
15

1 25. A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein:
2 the source program segments include sequentially
3 and non-sequentially ordered program segments;

4 the writing step includes the further step of
5 writing the non-sequentially ordered program segments to
6 the at least two of the plurality of data storing regions;
7 and

8 the reading step includes the further step of
9 reading the non-sequentially ordered program segments from
10 the at least two of the plurality of data storing regions
11 as the sequentially ordered local program segments.
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1 26. A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein the at
2 least two of the plurality of data storing regions are
3 defined along spiral data tracks provided on the surface of
4 the at least one data storage disk.

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1 27. A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein:
2 the source program segments are arranged in
3 packets; and
4 the writing step includes the further step of
5 writing the source program segments of consecutive packets
6 alternately to the at least two of the plurality of data
7 storing regions.

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1 28. A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein:
2 the at least one data storage disk comprises:
3 a data band;
4 an inner diameter location and an outer
5 diameter location defined within the data band;
6 a lower disk surface including a lower data
7 storing region; and
8 an upper disk surface including an upper
9 data storing region; and
10 the writing and reading steps include the further
11 steps of:
12 writing at least one of the source program
13 segments and reading at least one previously written source
14 program segment respectively to and from the lower data
15 storing region; and
16 writing at least another one of the source
17 program segments and reading at least another previously
18 written source program segment respectively to and from the
19 upper data storing region.

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